

## CRITICISM OF BRITISH COMMANDERS

Indulged in by London Press and People, and There Were Many

## PATNETIC SCENES ENACTED

At the War Office When the Long List of Casualties Was Posted.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—While the outwardly calm attitude of the press and people here during the present crisis commands admiration, there is an undercurrent of intense indignation against the war office and the government, which threatens to have a serious addition in the blunders of the generals and the further evidences of the break-down of the transport and intelligence departments which are daily coming to light. It was freely predicted this morning, even in high military circles, that the South African campaign will last until June. It was also expected that General Methuen would have to retire south of the Orange river, as it was claimed he could not hold out long at the Modder river, where his ammunition and food supplies were not expected to last over a week. In fact it was said that his line of communications was probably already cut, and it was claimed that General Gatacre was similarly weakened by his reverse and the revolt of the Colonists, and it was added that he might have to choose between a siege and a retreat.

The afternoon papers of all shades of politics follow the morning papers in facing the situation courageously and demanding the immediate dispatch of reinforcements. Thus the radical Star says:

"The stake the gambler Chamberlain has thrown on the table is not merely South Africa, but the empire. It is too late to regret the game. We have no choice but to play it, even if it involves sending abroad the militia. Our armies in South Africa must be amply reinforced."

The scenes at the war office this morning when General Methuen's casualties were posted were highly dramatic. There was a steady incursion of anxious inquirers from the moment the doors opened, and there was intense excitement when an official appeared bearing the ominously long list of names. The women present crowded eagerly forward and begged for copies of the list. But the supply was not sufficient and the official read out the list. Intense feeling was evident on all faces.

It was a memorable scene. Some of the women were so overcome that they had to be assisted from the room.

MODDER RIVER, Cape Colony, Tuesday, Dec. 12.—Details gathered here by a representative of the Associated Press among the wounded British and Boers give some idea of the desperate nature of the fight at Magersfontein. The Highlanders did all that the most gallant troops in the world could do, but it was impossible to break the terrible fire of the Boers. The British artillery again saved the situation and divides the honor of the day with the Scots. The batteries worked for hours under a galling rifle fire.

According to the Boer stories it was impossible for the burghers to have escaped fearful loss. One Boer prisoner said a single Lyddite shell killed or wounded over seventy, and that two other shells burst over two bodies of Boers ensconced behind the range, doing fearful damage. All agree that the Boers fought throughout with the utmost gallantry. Their sharpshooters seldom missed the mark.

A Scottish Highlander says that while he was lying wounded on the field he saw a Boer of typical German appearance, faultlessly dressed, with polished top boots, a shirt with silk ruffles and a cigar in his mouth, walking among the hills, picking off the British. He was quite alone, and it was apparent from the frequent use he made of field glasses that he was singling out officers.

Another wounded Boer says that a Lyddite shell fired on Sunday fell in the middle of an open air prayer meeting held to offer supplications for the success of the Boer arms.

All the wounded are full of praise for the treatment they received from the medical department on the battle field.

While the guards were advancing on plain, which the Boers were shelling from the adjoining ridges, they encountered and cut up a strong Boer picket, posted on a hill, for purposes of observation. All the members of the picket were either killed, wounded or taken prisoners.

## MORE TROOPS

Being Mobilized for South Africa.

Sortie at Ladysmith.

LONDON, Dec. 14.—The war office this evening made the following announcement:

"The Sixth division has been mobilized and four battalions of this division will have embarked by Sunday."

"The government has also approved of the immediate mobilization of the Seventh division."

The war office has received the following dispatch from General Forester-Walker, at Cape Town:

"General French writes, under date of December 13, reporting a skirmish at 4 o'clock in the morning with 1,500 Boers, who were advancing southward toward Newburg. The skirmishing continued all the morning, the Boers fighting on a front of fourteen miles. Our casualties were one killed, seven wounded, including one officer, and two missing."

A special dispatch received here from Wenen, Natal, dated Monday, December 11, says that the Ladysmith garrison had made a sortie, and destroyed the Modderspruit bridge.

The queen has sent a message of deep sympathy to the widow of General Wauchope.

## LORD METHUEN

Withdraw His Force Out of Range of Boer Guns.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—4:45 a. m.—The war office is still without news from Ladysmith, other than that already published. The general belief is that the large Boer forces Lord Methuen encountered at Magersfontein were partly drawn from Natal, and that General Buller will strike a blow before these have time to return.

The newspapers are calling on the government to employ the Cunarders as well as the White Star steamers as transports, seeing the urgent necessity for getting more men to the Cape as speedily as possible. Forty thousand men could still be sent from England without calling on the militia for foreign service. The militia effective is 100,000, and from this body 20,000 carefully selected troops could easily be spared for South Africa. Moreover, the colonies are again proffering assistance. The greatest need, therefore, is speedy transports. Sir Charles Warren, who arrived at Cape Town yesterday, will possibly join Lord Methuen, and take command of the combined forces.

The Daily Chronicle's Modder river dispatch, which is at variance with all the other representatives, reports Lord Methuen's forces as retiring Tuesday on the camp at Modder river, as the result of renewed artillery firing that day. The correspondent says:

"Tuesday afternoon the Boers brought heavy guns into action. The British artillery replied, but failed to silence them. Lord Methuen thereupon withdrew his force out of range, and concentrated at Modder river."

Orders have been issued at Woolwich to prepare another siege train to go out with the Seventh division.

## BOER LOSSES

Were Enormous at Magersfontein.

Havoc Made by Naval Guns.

MODDER RIVER, Dec. 14.—Ambulances started early yesterday morning under a flag of truce to collect the wounded and bury the dead who fell at Magersfontein.

Brigadier General Wauchope, who led the Highlanders' brigade, was found dead near the trenches. Several wounded Boers were taken to the British hospital. The side of the hill and the immediate neighborhood of the Boer trenches showed dead bodies all about. One wounded Boer informed the correspondent of the Associated Press that their loss was terrible. Their whole Scandinavian contingent was destroyed. Judging from the information gleaned from the Boer wounded and from prisoners taken in different parts of the field, the Boer losses must exceed 700. The destruction wrought by the naval guns was enormous.

Word was passed along the Boer lines to prepare to retreat at nightfall. All confess that it was their greatest loss during the war.

## FINANCE BILL

Representative Overstreet Says it Will Pass on Monday by a Majority of About Thirty-six if the Full Strength of Those Favoring it is Present.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 14.—Representative Overstreet, of Indiana, in charge of the financial bill now under consideration in the house of representatives, said to-day that the informal canvasses thus far made showed that the bill would pass on the final vote next Monday by a majority of about thirty-six, in case the full strength of both sides was present. This is based on the calculation that the full Republican vote, 135, and eight Democratic votes, will be recorded for the bill, and that seven other Democratic members will refrain from voting. Mr. Overstreet says it is established beyond question that not one Republican vote will be recorded against the bill.

## THE ROBERTS CASE

More Direct Testimony Will be Produced.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—Six witnesses are expected to arrive here from Utah on Monday next to testify against Mr. Roberts, of Utah, namely, Mrs. Dr. Luella Miles, Mrs. McDougall, Thomas J. Brandon, Ray Brandon, Dr. Wishard and J. R. Letcher. They were advised by Chairman Taylor, (Ohio), of the house investigating committee, that necessary traveling expenses would be guaranteed, and on this understanding they will come without the formality of subpoenas. They are expected to give evidence relative to the polygamous relations of Mr. Roberts, from more direct and personal knowledge than that possessed by the witnesses heretofore heard.

## WEST VIRGINIA SENATORS

Placed on Important Senate Committees.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 14.—Senator Scott has been placed on the committees on contingent expenses, mines, manufactures, public buildings and railroads, and Senator Elkins is placed on the committees on postoffices, printing and rules, in addition to other committees on which he hitherto held a place. These are important committees and the placing of West Virginia's senators in these important positions is a matter of congratulation to their constituents, as evidence of their recognition and ability.

## VICTIMS OF THE MAINE

Will be Shipped Home by the Government.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The navy department has given notice that any person claiming the remains of any of the victims of the Maine explosion before the Texas arrives at Hampton Roads will be in about fifteen days, may have them sent to their late homes for burial at the expense of the department.

## NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 14.—The senate to-day confirmed the following nominations: To be United States ministers—William P. Lord, of Oregon, to the Argentine Republic; Herbert W. Bowen, of New York, to Persia; Arthur S. Hardy, of New Jersey, to Greece; Honorable and Bertha Lawrence Townsend, of Pennsylvania, to Belgium; Bellamy Storer, of Ohio, to Spain; John N. Irwin, of Iowa, to Portugal.

To be secretaries of legations—Lloyd C. Griscom, of Pennsylvania, at Constantinople; J. C. McNally, of Pennsylvania, to Guatemala and Honduras.

## DEAF AND DUMB ASYLUM

At Edgewood, Pa., Completely Destroyed by Fire—Panic Ensued, But All Are Believed to Have Been Saved—Origin of the Fire Supposed to Be a Bursting Gas Pipe.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 14.—The Western Pennsylvania Institute for deaf and dumb, situated at Edgewood, was completely destroyed by fire this afternoon. The five hundred pupils in the building were panic-stricken, but they quickly secured control of them, and it is believed all were saved.

The institute was an immense four-story brick building which covered an acre of ground and was considered one of the best institutions under the care of Pennsylvania. Children from all parts of the state were pupils of the school, where they received a thorough general education and were taught trades.

The loss is placed at \$150,000, with insurance of \$100,000. The origin of the fire while not positively known, is believed to have been caused by a bursting gas pipe. While the confusion and excitement was great there were no accidents to pupils or teachers.

Officials of the institute say the school will be rebuilt at once. The pupils are being taken care of temporarily at the Home for Aged Couples, which is close by and at the homes of the residents of Wilkensburg. Definite arrangements will be made for their disposition to-morrow.

## SATISFACTORY CONDITION OF AFFAIRS

Is Reported as Existing in Zamboanga—Skirmishing Continues, but

## FOUR THOUSAND SPANIARDS

Held as Prisoners by the Filipino Insurgents, Have Been Liberated.

MANILA, Dec. 14, 11:30 a. m.—A detachment of Colonel Hayes' cavalry, under Lieutenant Arnold, has captured Biacabato, the mountain stronghold where the last insurrection was ended with a peace treaty. A large quantity of munitions of war was secured.

Major Batchelor's battalion of the Twenty-fourth Infantry, is making slow progress in the Aparri valley. The villagers are giving the colored troops banquets and balls everywhere.

## WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—General Otis called as follows:

"MANILA, Dec. 14.—Lieutenant Batson, Ninth cavalry, organized four large companies of Macabebe scouts, had advance of Lawton's troops and attended Young's cavalry in northwestern Luzon, Batson leading with conspicuous gallantry in several hard-fought engagements. On November 19 he was seriously wounded in the foot; amputation is probably necessary. Can he not receive majority in some staff corps as reward for efficient service?"

General Otis also called the war department as follows:

"MANILA, Dec. 14.—General Lawton reports Bulacan province freed of insurgents yesterday. Troops of Fourth cavalry captured a strong mountain position, Biacabato, with food supplies, clothing, a cartridge factory and barracks. MacArthur's troops occupied Iba and a town south on the western coast of Luzon, with slight opposition and a few light casualties. On the 8th inst. Bates reported from Zamboanga that he has garrisoned Basilan and is sending troops to Cotabato and Davao, that the condition of affairs is satisfactory. Eighteen hundred Spanish prisoners have been received in Manila, and over two thousand more are en route; thirteen hundred shipped to Spain on the 18th inst. These prisoners are in much better physical condition than the Spanish troops which surrendered when Manila was capitulated."

## LITTLE INTEREST

In House Proceedings—The Debate on the Currency Bill Proceeded.

Ceremonies at Mt. Vernon Attracted the Gallery Spectators.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 14.—The debate on the currency bill in the house to-day was tame and prosaic. The attendance, both in the galleries and on the floor, was light, and none of the speeches made attracted especial attention.

Mr. Sibley, (Dem., Penn.), who has publicly announced his change of views on the money question, and who it was thought might vote for the bill, stated that he would vote against it.

Mr. Thayer, a Massachusetts Democrat, was the only member of the opposition who made a speech for the bill to-day.

Other speakers to-day were: Messrs. Crumacker, (Indiana); Lovering, (Mass.); Omstead, (Penn.); McCleary, (Minn.); Boutelle, (Illa.); and Graft, (Illa), Republicans in favor of the bill, and Messrs. Cox, (Tenn.); Lewis, (Ga.); Lanham, (Texas); Sibley, (Penn.); Burke, (Texas); Terry, (Ark.); Ball, (Texas); Gilbert, (Ky.); Berry, (Ky.); Atwater, (N. C.); and Jett, (Illa.), Democrats, against it.

## PETTIGREW RESOLUTION

In the Senate Was Laid on the Table.

Christmas Recess Agreed On.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12.—The senate to-day, by a decisive vote, and practically without discussion, laid on the table the Pettigrew resolution of inquiry as to whether or not United States forces had recognized the Filipino insurgents' flag and had turned over Spanish soldiers to the insurgents. It agreed to the house Christmas recess resolution and agreed to meet to-morrow to receive reports on the composition of its committees for this Congress.

The senate agreed to the house resolution for a Christmas holiday adjournment on the 20th of December until the 3rd of January, and then at 1:06 p. m., adjourned.

## NOT SETTLED

Where Republican National Convention Will be Held.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Four cities are striving to-night for the favor of the members of the Republican national committee, and at a late hour to-night veteran members of the committee said that they had no idea where the next Republican national convention would be held. It was apparent that few members had committed themselves. The four municipal aspirants are New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and St. Louis. The Philadelphia delegation is the largest on the ground and is making strong claims of its strength in the committee. Chicago claims 26 votes, which is more than a majority. New York and St. Louis claim a good fighting chance.

## LAULER COAL AND COKE COMPANY

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 14.—The Lauler Coal and Coke Company, with a paid-up capital of \$85,000, was organized here to-day. The principal stockholders are: Col. Albert Thompson, of Davis, West Virginia, and J. E. Hall, A. G. Dayton and C. F. Teter, of Philippi. The company has bought up and paid for one thousand acres of coal land near Belington and will develop it. It has twenty-five coke ovens already constructed and twenty-five additional ovens are to be built at once. The outlook for success is said to be first class.

## UNKNOWN MAN KILLED BY CARS

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Dec. 14.—An unknown man was struck by the St. Louis express, west-bound, near Sandy Hook, to-day. He was brought here, where he died. A letter was found in his pocket from Philip Dyett, of Omaha, Nebraska, addressed to Philip Maltheis, Granite, Md. He had four dollars and a bundle of clothes. He looked to be about thirty years old.

## APPROPRIATELY COMMEMORATED

BOSTON, Dec. 14.—The death of General George Washington, one hundred years ago to-day, was appropriately commemorated in Boston. The exercises in observance of the day were generally held indoors, the participants including school children of all grades, patriotic societies and literary organizations. Flags were at half mast on the city hall and on all of the school houses.

## A CHILD'S ABNORMAL THIRST

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 14.—Mamie Bustard, aged four years, drank more than a pint of whiskey last night, and died after remaining unconscious for about three hours. The spirits had been purchased by John Bustard, the baby's father, for medicinal use. How a child could manage to swallow a pint of whiskey is a mystery to the physicians.

thor S. Hardy, of New Jersey, to Greece; Honorable and Bertha Lawrence Townsend, of Pennsylvania, to Belgium; Bellamy Storer, of Ohio, to Spain; John N. Irwin, of Iowa, to Portugal.

To be secretaries of legations—Lloyd C. Griscom, of Pennsylvania, at Constantinople; J. C. McNally, of Pennsylvania, to Guatemala and Honduras.

## AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR

Adopted a String of Resolutions Touching Various Labor Problems.

## WANT THE ARMY REDUCED

The Vexed Question of Theater Employees in Fair Way of Settlement.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 14.—Sentiments of the delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention on various pending labor questions were declared to-day in the adoption of a string of resolutions reported out by committees.

A resolution declaring for reduction of the standing army to 25,000 men was adopted, after striking out the first paragraph, which read as follows:

"Whereas, The tendency of the present administration is to unnecessarily increase the number of men in the standing army," etc.

Other resolutions were adopted as follows: Urging state legislatures to outlaw all kinds of competitive convict labor; against permitting slavery in the Hawaiian islands; reaffirming seamen's demands; congratulating F. W. Palmer, public printer, for paying increased wages, in his own discretion, to printers and book binders; favoring same leaves of absence for employees of naval yards and arsenals as for other government employees; appropriating \$500 in aid of Cramp shipyard strikers; inviting the letter carriers to affiliate with the federation, and providing a special organizer for the Pacific coast.

Resolutions were adopted this afternoon to aid in the introduction and recognition of the stamp of the Coopers' union; asking boiler makers, iron ship builders and horse shoers to refrain from working upon the product of a Troy, N. Y., iron company on account of the company having refused to treat with the Coopers' union; boycotting a Chicago terra cotta-making concern because it joined a brick makers' alliance, and refused to recognize the union; declaring for giving all possible assistance toward advancing the sale of pottery ware bearing the union label; congratulating and commending the Buffalo longshoremen for having gained every point for which they contended in their fight against the "balloon boom stevedore" system; resolving that the federation, through its officers and organizers, give special aid to the tobacco workers in pushing a boycott against all brands of tobacco made by both the American and Continental Tobacco companies; reinforcing the Tobacco Workers' blue label; requiring all affiliated labor unions to vigorously assist in pushing the tobacco boycott and requesting every union man to demand the blue label upon all tobacco or cigarettes he may purchase.

Vice President O'Connell took the stage to prefer serious charges against the three foreign fraternal delegates; their punishments to consist of a gold "union made" watch to British Delegate Haslam; an engraved gold-headed walking stick for his colleague delegate, Walker, with a brooch for Mrs. Wilkie and a diamond ring for Canadian delegate Carey.

The committee on reorganized lock-out of the Detroit stage employees reported having met the local theater managers and with them prepared an agreement, which is in a fair way to being accepted by both parties, which agreement contained an arbitration clause and other features acceptable to employers and employees. This report was accepted and the committee thanked and continued.

The convention decided to hold no morning session after roll call to-morrow. The half day is to be devoted to committee work.

## Non-Union Music Don't Go

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 14.—The annual banquet of the American Federation of Labor, held in the Griswold House, to-night, lacked the usual accompaniment of orchestral music. The reason was that the orchestra provided for the dinner was discovered to be non-union. The latter fact was duly reported to to-day's convention, along with a resolution declining the invitation to the banquet tendered by the local committee. Despite assertions of the Detroit men that it was the best they could do under the circumstances, the difficulty would not down until it was announced that the music would be left out of the programme.

## VETERANS

Of the Spanish-American War—Officers Elected.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 14.—There were about fifteen men present at a meeting to-day to perfect the organization of the Spanish-American war veterans' association. A session is being held for the adoption of a constitution and then the association will be incorporated. A telegram was received from Colonel W. J. Hulings, of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiment, who has just arrived from Europe, in which he agreed to accept the command of the organization recently tendered him. The organization was perfected by the election of these officers: Commander in chief, Wm. J. Hulings, of Pennsylvania; vice commander, Colonel James B. Corryell, of Pennsylvania; adjutant general, Wm. Christopher, of Pennsylvania; quartermaster, Colonel E. W. Hine, of New Jersey; inspector, Colonel George W. Taylor, of Virginia; judge advocate, Colonel R. M. Townsend, of New York;

signal officer, Colonel James B. Tryon, of Tennessee; chaplain, Captain H. Jones, of New Jersey.

## GEN. BROOKE INDIGNANT

At the Assertion That He Objected to Being Believed—"I Am a Soldier and Obey Orders."

HAVANA, Dec. 14.—Governor General Brooke is indignant at the reports cabled from Washington, which represent him as having protested against the order of the President, relieving him of the governorship of Cuba. He says: "I am a soldier and obey orders. I would direct the arrest of any officer who protested against my order, and would always render to a superior authority the respect which I would exact from a subordinate."

His friends, however, express the opinion that he has not been treated with due consideration. They think that some intimation should have been given him of the contemplated change, whereas as a matter of fact the first knowledge he had that he was to be removed was succeeded by Major General Wood was derived from newspaper dispatches.

## SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Dec. 14.—The news of the appointment of Major General Wood as governor of Cuba was received here with enthusiasm. Even the most bitter Cuban nationalists agree in praising him as a soldier and an administrator.

## MOLINEUX CASE

Still Dealing With Expert Testimony.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—To-day's proceedings in the trial of Roland B. Molineux for the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams were largely devoted to a hearing of the testimony of William J. Kinsey, the handwriting expert. Mr. Weeks, in his cross-examination, asked Mr. Kinsey if he had given all of the reasons why the "Barnet" and "Cornish" letters, the admitted handwriting specimens of the defendant and the poison package address must have been written by one individual.

The expert replied in the negative, and replying to a further question, proceeded to enlarge upon the subject. Mr. Weeks suddenly changed his mind as the expert commenced to discuss new features of the peculiarities of the poison package address, and attempted to shift the line of questioning by calling attention to the fact that the witness had forgotten some of the points after studying the case for nearly a year at the rate of \$5 per day.

It is thought that when the cross-examination of Mr. Kinsey by Mr. Weeks is completed the next step taken by the state will be the introduction of medical testimony for the purpose of proving that the poison in the bromo seltzer bottle in reality caused the death of Mrs. Adams.

## IMPOSING CEREMONIES

Attend Appointments by the Pope.

ROME, Dec. 14.—The pope, at the consistory, announced the appointments of Mr. Falconio, the apostolic delegate to Canada, as metropolitan of Leno, and of Mr. Frederic Eliaux to the united sees of Sault Saint Marie and Marquette.

The consistory was held in the Salle Regia, with the usual grand ceremonial and in the presence of the diplomatic corps, the Roman nobility and many prominent strangers.

The pope appeared to be in good health. He smiled continually and was in an excellent humor.

A secret consistory in the Sistine chapel followed, at which the pope delivered an allocution of a wholly religious character and performed the ceremony of opening and closing the mouths of the new cardinals.

The pontiff was much acclaimed, especially in the ducal hall, where crowds witnessed the procession.

## KENTUCKY DEMOCRATS

Preparing to Contest Governor Taylor's Election.

FRANKFORT, Dec. 14.—The state central, executive and campaign committees of the Democratic party, in secret session, voted unanimously to-day to recommend a contest before the legislature to oust the Republican governor and lieutenant governor, and endorsed the action of minor candidates in filing their contest before the state contesting board. A committee, consisting of ex-Governor McCreery and four other prominent Democrats was appointed to draft resolutions in accordance with the vote of the committees, to report later.

## First Lafayette Dollar

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 14.—The first Lafayette dollar, the unique specimen authorized by Congress in aid of the fund for the erection of the Lafayette monument in Paris, was struck off at the United States mint in this city to-day. This coin will be presented by the President of the United States to the president of France. Fifty thousand of the coins will be struck and are to be disposed of at a cost of \$3 apiece. The second coin struck off was forwarded to Mrs. McKinley, while the third was given to Mrs. Kate Thysen Marr, of Washington. The coin is a legal tender dollar, and bears upon its face a double medallion of the heads of Washington and Lafayette, and on the reverse a miniature reproduction of the equestrian statue of Lafayette, with the inscription, "In Commemoration of Monument Erected by School Youth of the United States to General Lafayette, Paris, France, 1800."

## January Interest Anticipated

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Secretary Gage has decided to anticipate the January interest on United States bonds outstanding. This interest will amount to about \$5,000,000, and will be paid beginning to-morrow, without rebate.

## Weather Forecast for To-day

West Virginia—Snow and colder Friday; fair Saturday; fresh northerly winds; low temperature will continue several days.

Western Pennsylvania—Snow Friday; colder in southern portion; fair Saturday; fresh northerly winds; low temperature will continue for several days.

Ohio—Snow Friday, except fair in southwestern portion; colder in southeast portion; fair Saturday; low temperature will continue for several days; fresh northerly winds.

## Local Temperature

The temperature yesterday, as observed by C. Schieff, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

7 a. m. 33° 2 p. m. 35° 4 p. m. 35° 7 p. m. 33°

12 m. 35° 3 p. m. 35° 5 p. m. 33°

12 m. 35° 3 p. m. 35° 5 p. m. 33°

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